



# WHAT TO LOOK FOR • WHAT TO DO

## **SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS**

THESE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS MAY INDICATE THAT A CONCUSSION HAS OCCURRED.

#### **SIGNS OBSERVED BY COACHING STAFF**

Appears dazed or stunned

Is confused about assignment or position

Forgets sports plays

Is unsure of game, score, or opponent

Moves clumsily

Answers questions slowly

Loses consciousness (even briefly)

Shows behavior or personality changes

Can't recall events prior to hit or fall

Can't recall events after hit or fall

#### SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY ATHLETE

Headache or "pressure" in head

Nausea or vomiting

Balance problems or dizziness

Double or blurry vision

Sensitivity to light

Sensitivity to noise

Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy

**Concentration or memory problems** 

Confusion

Does not "feel right"

### **ACTION PLAN**

If you suspect that a player has a concussion, you should take the following steps:

- 1. Remove athlete from play.
- 2. Ensure athlete is evaluated by an appropriate health care professional. Do not try to judge the seriousness of the injury yourself.
- 3. Inform athlete's parents or guardians about the known or possible concussion and give them the fact sheet on concussion.
- 4. Allow athlete to return to play **only** with permission from an appropriate health care professional.

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

For more information and to order additional materials free-of-charge, visit: www.cdc.gov/ConcussionInYouthSports

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION



